Skye Reinforcement Project

EIA Report: Volume 1 - Main Report

September 2022







VOLUME 1: MAIN REPORT

CONTENTS

Glossary and Abbreviations

Preface

Chapter 1: Introduction and Background

Chapter 2: Project Need and Strategy

Chapter 3: Project Description

Chapter 4: The Routeing Process and Alternatives

Chapter 5: EIA Process and Methodology

Chapter 6: Scope and Consultation

Chapter 7: Planning and Energy Policy Context

Chapter 8: Summary of Effects



GLOSSARY AND ABBREVIATIONS

132 kV 132 kilovolt (132,000 volt) operating voltage electrical circuit

ADSS All Dielectric Self Supporting, an optical fibre cable used as a communications

medium along overhead transmission lines which often share the same

support structures as the electrical conductors

AEOI Adverse Effect on Integrity is a term used in the context of the Habitat

Regulations to determine whether or not there would be an adverse effect on

the integrity of a European designated site by a plan or project

Alternative Alignment An alternative overhead line alignment option within Section 3 of the project

between Broadford and Kyle Rhea, via Glen Arroch, for which consent under

section 37 of the Electricity Act 1989 is also sought

AN Audible Noise

AOD Above Ordnance Datum

Applicant Scottish Hydro Electric Transmission plc who, operating and known as Scottish

and Southern Electricity Networks Transmission, own, operate and develop the high voltage electricity transmission system in the north of Scotland and

remote islands.

ASNW Ancient Semi-Natural Woodland

ATC Automatic Traffic Counter

ATP Area Tourism Partnership

ATV All-Terrain Vehicle

AWI Ancient Woodland Inventory

BAP Biodiversity Action Plan

BEIS Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy

BGL Below Ground Level

BGS British Geological Survey

BNG Biodiversity Net Gain is a process which leaves nature in a better state than it

started

BoCC Birds of Conservation Concern

BPP Bird Protection Plan

BT British Telecom

CAPEX Capital Expenditure

CAR Controlled Activities Regulations, also known as The Water Environment

(Controlled Activities) (Scotland) Regulations 2011 (and amendments), apply

regulatory control over activities which may affect Scotland's water

environment.

CBA Cost Benefit Analysis

CCC Committee on Climate Change

CEMP Construction Environmental Management Plan

CGL Card Geotechnics Limited

CIEEM Chartered Institute of Ecology and Environmental Management

ClfA Chartered Institute for Archaeologists

CIRIA Construction Industry Research and Information Association

CMS Construction Method Statement

Conductor A metallic wire strung from structure to structure, to carry electric current.

CoWRP Control of Woodland Removal Policy

CSE Cable Sealing End compounds are required to facilitate transition from

underground cable to overhead line (and vice versa).

CTMP Construction Traffic Management Plan

dB Decibel, a measure of sound level

DEFRA Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

DfT Department for Transport

DLR Dynamic Line Rating

DMG Deer Management Group

DMRB Design Manual for Roads and Bridges

DTM Digital Terrain Model

DWPA Drinking Water Protected Area

EC European Commission

EcIA Ecological Impact Assessment

ECoW Ecological Clerk of Works

ECU Energy Consents Unit

EIA A formal process set down in The Electricity Works (Environmental Impact

Assessment) (Scotland) Regulations 2017 used to systematically identify, predict and assess the likely significant environmental impacts of a proposed

project or development.

EMF Electromagnetic Field

EMI Electromagnetic Interference

EPZ Equi-Potential Zone

ESO Electricity Systems Operator

ESQCR Electricity Safety, Quality and Continuity Regulations

EU European Union

FLS Forestry and Land Scotland

FM Frequency Modulated

FTE Full Time Equivalent

FWPM Freshwater Pearl Mussel

GB Great Britain

GCR Geological Conservation Review

GDL Garden and Designed Landscape, as listed on the Inventory of Gardens and

Designed Landscapes held by Historic Environment Scotland

GEMPs General Environmental Management Plans

GET Golden Eagle Topographical is a model that analyses Golden eagle range use

based on topography

GI Ground Investigation

GIS Geographic Information System

GPP Guidance for Pollution Prevention

GVA Gross Value Added

GVLIA3 Guidelines for Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment 3rd Edition

GW Gigawatt, a measure of power. 1 GW = 1,000,000,000 W

GWDTE Groundwater Dependent Terrestrial Ecosystem

GWP Global Warming Potential

Ha Hectare. An area measuring 10,000 square metres

HDD Horizontal Directional Drill

HEL Heritage Environmental Limited

HER Historic Environment Record

HES Historic Environment Scotland

HET Historic Environment Team

HGV Heavy Goods Vehicle

HIA Herbivore Impact Assessment

HMP Habitat Management Plan

HRA Habitat Regulations Appraisal must be carried out by the 'competent authority'

if a plan or project (either alone or in combination with other plans or projects) could affect a European designated site. The Applicant is required to submit scientific evidence to enable the competent authority to complete the HRA and

this evidence is typically submitted in the form of a 'Shadow HRA'.

HRES Highland Renewable Energy Strategy

HRSG Highland Raptor Study Group
HVDC High Voltage Direct Current

ICNIRP International Commission on Non-Ionising Radiation Protection

Highland Wide Local Development Plan

IEF Important Ecological Feature

IEMA Institute of Environmental Management and Assessment

IMFLDP Inner Moray Firth Local Development Plan

INNS Invasive Non-Native Species

HwLDP

IROPI Imperative Reasons of Overriding Public Interest is a term used in the context

of a HRA. Should a plan or project adversely affect a European designated site, and having established there are no feasible alternative solutions, the 'competent authority' must be able to identify 'imperative reasons of overriding

public interest' that justify the plan or project despite the environmental

damage it will cause

IUCN International Union for the conservation of Nature

JNCC Joint Nature Conservation Committee

LB Listed Building

LBAP Local Biodiversity Action Plan

LCoW Landscape Clerk of Works

LCT Landscape Character Type

LCZ Local Character Zone

LEPO Long-established Woodlands of Plantation Origin

LGV Light Goods Vehicle

LoD Limit of Deviation. The area either side of the proposed alignment and ancillary

works within which micrositing may take place in accordance with the

conditions of the Section 37 consent.

LOTI Large Onshore Transmission Investment

LTFP Long-Term Forestry Plan

LTMP Long-Term Management Plan

LVIA Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment

MAGIC Multi-Agency Geographic Information for the Countryside

Mitigation Term used to identify measures that are identified to prevent, reduce or

remedy any potentially significant adverse environmental effects, beyond that

already taken into account as normal good practice.

MoD Ministry of Defence

MPA Marine Protected Area

MSS Marine Science Scotland

MVA Mega Volt Amps

MW Megawatt, a measure of power. 1 MW = 1,000,000 W

NBN National Biodiversity Network

NCI Nature Conservation Importance

NDSFB Ness District Salmon Fisheries Board

NeSTS New Suite of Transmission Structures. A project to create and implement a

new design of overhead transmission line structures

NGR National Grid Reference

NHZ Natural Heritage Zone



NPF3 National Planning Framework 3, a long-term development strategy for

Scotland

NPF4 National Planning Framework 4, the successor to NPF3 and currently under

consultative draft

NRTF National Road Traffic Forecast

NS NatureScot is a public body responsible for Scotland's natural heritage and

advisor to the Scottish Government

NSA National Scenic Area. A national level designation applied to those landscapes

considered to be of exceptional scenic value

NVC National Vegetation Classification

OAMP Outdoor Access Management Plan

OC Operational Corridor

OHL Overhead Line. An electric line installed above ground, usually supported by

lattice steel towers or wooden poles

OPEX Operational Expenditure

OPGW Optical Ground Wire

OS Ordnance Survey

PAN Planning Advice Note

PCMP Peat and Carbon Management Plan

Planning Application An application for planning permission under the Town and Country Planning

(Scotland) Act 1997, as amended by the Planning etc. (Scotland) Act 2006 and

by the Planning (Scotland) Act 2019

PLHRA Peat Landslide and Hazard Risk Assessment

PPG Pollution Prevention Guidance Notes

PRI Public Road Improvement

Proposed Alignment The proposed alignment of the OHL and UGC elements of the Proposed

Development for which consent under section 37 of the Electricity Act 1989 is

sought

Proposed Development The Proposed Development is taken to be the description of the OHL

components, UGC components, cable sealing end compounds, access arrangements and any associated construction activities and ancillary works. Within Section 3 of the Project between Broadford and Kyle Rhea, via Glen Arroch, the Proposed Development includes a Proposed Alignment for the

OHL and an Alternative Alignment, including ancillary works.

PROW Public Right of Way

PWS Private Water Supply

PYE Person Year Employment

RAG Red-Amber-Green

RFI Radio Frequency Interference



Routeing The work undertaken which leads to the selection of a proposed alignment,

capable of being taken forward into the consenting process under Section 37

of the Electricity Act 1989

RSPB Royal Society for the Protection of Birds

SAC Special Area of Conservation. An area designated under the EC Habitats

Directive to ensure that rare, endangered or vulnerable habitats or species of community interest are either maintained at or restored to a favourable

conservation status

SBL Scottish Biodiversity List

Section Given the length of the route for the Proposed Development, for the purposes

of this EIA Report the route for the new 132 kV transmission connection has been split into seven geographically defined 'Sections' to describe more easily the Proposed Development and the baseline environmental factors. There are

seven sections from Section 0 to Section 6

Section 37 An application for development consent under Section 37 of the Electricity Act

1989

SEPA Scottish Environment Protection Agency

SFA Scottish Forestry Alliance

SHEPD Scottish Hydro Electric Power Distribution

SLA Special Landscape Area. Landscapes designated by The Highland Council

which are considered to be of regional/local importance for their scenic

qualities.

SLQ Special Landscape Quality

SME Small and Medium Enterprise

SSEN Transmission Scottish and Southern Electricity Networks Transmission own, operate and

develop the high voltage electricity transmission system in the north of

Scotland and remote islands

SNH Scottish Natural Heritage, former name of the public body NatureScot which

changed in August 2020

SM Scheduled Monument

SPA Special Protection Area – designated under Directive 2009/147/EC on the

Conservation of Wild Birds (the Birds Directive) to protect important bird

habitats.

SPP Scottish Planning Policy

SPPs Species Protection Plans

SSSI Site of Special Scientific Interest. Areas of national importance. The aim of the

SSSI network is to maintain an adequate representation of all natural and

semi-natural habitats and native species across Britain.

SuDS Sustainable Drainage System

TA Transport Assessment

THC The Highland Council



TN Target Note

UGC Underground Cable. An electric line installed below ground

UK United Kingdom

UKBAP United Kingdom Biodiversity Action Plans

UKFS UK Forestry Standard

VP Vantage Point

WCA Wildlife and Countryside Act

WEWS Water Environment and Water Services

WFD Water Framework Directive

WLA Wild Land Area

WLQ Wild Land Quality

WT Woodland Trust

ZTV Zone of Theoretical Visibility – the computer-generated theoretical visibility of

an object in the landscape



PREFACE

Scottish Hydro Electric Transmission plc ("the Applicant"), operating and known as Scottish and Southern Electricity Networks Transmission ("SSEN Transmission"), are applying for consent under section 37 of the Electricity Act 1989 to construct and operate approximately 110 kilometres (km) of new double circuit steel structure 132 kV overhead transmission line (OHL) between Fort Augustus Substation and Edinbane Substation, and approximately 27 km of new single circuit trident H wood pole (H pole) OHL between Edinbane Substation and Ardmore Substation. This electricity transmission project would also comprise approximately 24 km of underground cable. In total, the transmission connection extends over a distance of approximately 160 km.

In addition, the Applicant is seeking consent for a temporary diversion of the existing 132 kV OHL at Inchlaggan for approximately 750 m to facilitate construction of the new OHL in this location.

The electricity transmission project is referred to as the Skye Reinforcement Project.

Given the length of the route for the Proposed Development, for the purposes of this EIA Report, the route for the new 132 kV transmission connection has been split into seven defined geographical 'Sections' to describe more easily the Proposed Development and baseline environmental factors. These 'Sections', which were also adopted through the route and alignment selection stages of the project, are broadly defined as follows:

- Section 0 Ardmore to Edinbane;
- Section 1 Edinbane to North of Sligachan;
- Section 2 North of Sligachan to Broadford;
- Section 3 Broadford to Kyle Rhea;
- Section 4 Kyle Rhea to Loch Cuaich;
- Section 5 Loch Cuaich to Invergarry; and
- Section 6 Invergarry to Fort Augustus.

The Proposed Development includes a Proposed Alignment for the OHL and UGC elements of the Proposed Development and an Alternative Alignment (OHL) within Section 3 of the project between Broadford and Kyle Rhea, via Glen Arroch. The decision taken by the Applicant to include both options in Section 3 within the consent application has been made given that both the Proposed Alignment within Section 3 and the Alternative Alignment cross the Kinloch and Kyleakin Hills Special Area of Conservation¹ (SAC). That means the Scottish Ministers have duties as the competent authority under the Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 (the "Habitats Regulations") to consider with respect to the SAC, including whether feasible alternatives exist, prior to making a decision on whether the project should receive consent.

The Applicant's preference is to construct and operate the Proposed Alignment, as presented in **Figures V1-1.1a to 1c:** Overview of the Proposed Development. If Scottish Ministers were to agree that the Applicant's Proposed Alignment within Section 3 should be consented, the Applicant would request that consent be granted for that option within Section 3, and refused in respect of the Alternative Alignment. In the event that Scottish Ministers were to conclude, contrary to the Applicant's view, that the Proposed Alignment within Section 3 should not be consented, the Applicant seeks consent for the Alternative Alignment. Only one of the options would be built and the Applicant requests that Scottish Ministers consent only one of the two options. This approach avoids the need to bring forward a separate application, and allows all relevant issues to be considered together. Doing so is important to ensuring security of supply is maintained, and that proposed renewable developments in support of Net Zero targets can be accommodated within reasonable timescales.

-

 $^{^{1}}$ Also designated as a Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI).

This Environmental Impact Assessment Report (EIA Report) is submitted with the application in accordance with The Electricity Works (Environmental Impact Assessment) (Scotland) Regulations 2017 (the "2017 Regulations").

The EIA Report contains the following volumes:

- · Volume 1: Main Report;
- Volume 2: Technical topic based reports;
- Volume 3: Figures;
- Volume 4a: Visualisations to NatureScot guidelines²;
- Volume 4b: Visualisations to The Highland Council guidelines³;
- Volume 5: Appendices to support each of the Chapters in the EIA Report where required;
- Volume 6: EIA of Alternative Alignment; and
- Non-Technical Summary.

Notice of the section 37 application, including this EIA Report and associated documents and figures, will be available for viewing at the following public locations during normal opening hours:

- Portree and Raasay Service Point, Tigh-na-Sgire, Park Lane, Portree, IV51 9GP (normal opening hours Monday to Friday 1.30pm to 4.30pm);
- Broadford Library and Service Point, Old Corry Road, Broadford, IV49 9AB (normal opening hours Tuesday to Friday 10.30am to 2pm and 3pm to 5pm); and
- Fort Augustus Village Hall, Bunoich Brae, Fort Augustus, PH32 4DG (opening of the hall to be arranged by appointment by calling 01320 366800).

An electronic version is available online at https://www.ssen-transmission.co.uk/projects/skye-reinforcement/

Any representations in respect of the application may be submitted via the Energy Consents Unit website at www.energyconsents.scot/Register.aspx; by email to The Scottish Government, Energy Consents Unit mailbox at representations@gov.scot or by post, to The Scottish Government, Energy Consents Unit, 4th Floor, 5 Atlantic Quay, 150 Broomielaw, Glasgow, G2 8LU, identifying the proposal and specifying the grounds of representation.

Written or emailed representations should be dated, clearly stating the name of the project (in block capitals), full return email and postal address of those making representations. Only representations sent by email to representations@gov.scot will receive acknowledgement.

All representations should be received not later than the date falling 30 days from the date of the last published notice, although Ministers may consider representations received after this date. Any subsequent additional information which is submitted by the Applicant will be subject to further public notice in this manner, and representations to such information will be accepted as per this notice.

The EIA Report has been advertised in the following newspapers:

- · Edinburgh Gazette;
- · The Press and Journal; and
- West Highland Free Press.

Skye Reinforcement Project: EIA Report Page 2
Volume 1: Preface September 2022

² Scottish Natural Heritage (SNH), (2017), Visual Representation of Wind Farms (Version 2.2) (SNH, 2017)

³ The Highland Council (THC), (2016), Visualisation Standards for Wind Energy Developments (THC, 2016)



This EIA Report is available in other formats if required. For details, including costs, contact:

Joanne Nicolson

Lead Consents and Environment Manager

Scottish and Southern Electricity Networks

10 Henderson Road

Inverness

IV1 1SN

Email: joanne.nicolson@sse.com

Tel: 07584 313070